

ERIC GIBSON

County of San Diego

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

April 15, 2010

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

 Title; Project Number(s); Environmental Log Number: SINGING HILLS ESTATES GPA 09-009, SP04-005, R04-012, TM5380RPL², ER# 04-14-021 KIVA Project 3810 04-005, Kronos 05-0060818

2. Lead agency name and address:

County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666

3. County Contact:

- a. Contact David Sibbet, Project Manager
- b. Phone number: (858) 694-3091
- c. E-mail: david.sibbet@sdcounty.ca.gov.

4. **Project location:**

The project is located south of the community of South Crest and north of Dehesa Road within the unincorporated area of San Diego County.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1252, Grids G4, G5, G6 and G7

5. **Project Applicant name and address:**

Owner: Thomas Odom, 3838 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 300, San Diego, CA 92108 Applicant: Hedy Levine, REC Consulting 2442 Second Ave., San Diego, CA 92101

6. **General Plan Designation:**

<u>Subregional Plan</u>: Crest/Dehesa/Harbison Canyon/Granite Hills <u>Land Use Designations</u>: (1) Residential, (17) Estate, (18) Multiple Rural Use and (24) Impact Sensitive Area Density: 1 du/1, 2, 4, 8 or 20 acres depending on the designation and the slope

7. **Zoning:**

Use Regulation: A70, Limited Agriculture and RR, Rural Residential

Minimum Lot Size: 1 and 4 acres

Special Area Regulation: None

8. **Description of project:**

The project is a General Plan Amendment, Specific Plan, Rezone, and Tentative Map. The General Plan Amendment will change the existing General Plan Designations to (21) Specific Plan Area and the Regional Category to CT. Country Town. The Specific Plan will guide the project by proposing development regulations for the property. The Rezone will change the zoning to S88, Specific Plan and S80, Open Space Use Regulations. Two Tentative Maps will subdivide the property into 122 single-family residential lots ranging in area from 6,800 square feet to 5 acres, two private park lots and 6 open space lots. The project site is located on the south side of the community of South Crest and north of Dehesa Road in the in the Crest/ Dehesa/ Harbison Canyon/ Granite Hills Subregional Planning Group, within the unincorporated area of San Diego County. The site is currently subject to the General Plan Regional Category EDA, Estate Development Area and Land Use Designations (1), (17), (18) and (24). The current zoning for the site is A70 and RR1. Access will be provided from Suncrest Boulevard, South Lane, Eucalyptus Drive and Descanso Lane on the north side and Sycuan Summit Drive on the south side. The project would be served by sewer and imported water from the Padre Dam Municipal Water District. Fire Services would be provided by San Miguel Fire District and the San Diego Rural Fire Protection District. Earthwork will consist of cut and fill of approximately 587,000 cubic yards of material. The project includes the following off-site improvements: roads, utilities, fire-clearing and landscaping. The project proposes to be implemented in four phases, with the first phase including the northwest third of the site with 26 residential lots and 151.6 acres of open space. The second phase is east and south of phase one, including 51 residential lots and 71.6 acres of open space. The third phase is further south of the second phase, including 34 residential lots and 29.9 acres of open space. The fourth phase is the southerly portion, including 11 residential lots and 155.9 acres of open space.

9. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting:

The project is located in between the community of Crest, which is a developed residential neighborhood and the Sycuan (Singing Hills) Golf Course. The two areas are currently not connected by a public road. The elevation increases from 500 feet at Dehesa Road on the southe end of the project site to 1,560 feet near South Lane in the northern portion of the site. The site is currently vacant and open space land is located to the east and west of the site.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
General Plan Amendment	County of San Diego
Landscape Plans	County of San Diego
Rezone	County of San Diego
Site Plan	County of San Diego
Specific Plan	County of San Diego
Specific Plan Amendment	
Tentative Map	County of San Diego
County Right-of-Way Permits	County of San Diego
Construction Permit	
Excavation Permit	
Encroachment Permit	
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Grading Permit Plan Change	
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
General Construction Storm water	RWQCB
Permit	
Water District Approval	Padre Dam Municipal Water District
Sewer District Approval	Padre Dam Municipal Sewer District
Fire District Approval	San Miguel & SD Rural Fire Districts

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

☑ <u>Aesthetics</u>	☐ Agricultural Resources	☑ Air Quality
☑ Biological Resources	☑ Cultural Resources	☑ Geology & Soils
☑ Hazards & Haz. Materials	☑ Hydrology & Water Quality	☑ Land Use & Planning
☑ <u>Mineral Resources</u>	☑ Noise	☑ Population & Housing
☑ Public Services	□ Recreation	☑ Transportation/Traffic
☑ <u>Utilities & Service</u> Systems	☑ Mandatory Findings of Sig	<u>ınificance</u>

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

Printed Name

	 □ On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. ☑ On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. 	
		April 15, 2010
Sign	ature	Date
David Sibbet		Land Use/Environmental Planner

Title

I. AESTHETICS -- Would the project:

a) F	lave a substantial adverse effect on a s	cenic	vista?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
views a may als develop agricult assessr	ially Significant Impact: A vista is a viellong a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas of so be compositions of natural and developed and unnatural areas, such as a scerural lands. What is scenic to one personment of what constitutes a scenic vista rof viewer groups.	ten ref oped a nic vist n may	fer to views of natural lands, but areas, or even entirely of ta of a rural town and surrounding not be scenic to another, so the
individu not adv	ms that can be seen within a vista are vital visual resources or the addition of stresely affect the vista. Determining the large the changes to the vista as a whole a	ucture evel o	es or developed areas may or may fimpact to a scenic vista requires
is being analyze they ap	pposed project is a 122-lot subdivision proposed project and the visual impacts of the developer from the south. Potential impacts to issual Resources Report, Photosimulation	photoselopm elopm o a sc	simulations are required to further ent, the road and the grading as enic vista will be further analyzed
,	Substantially damage scenic resources, outcroppings, and historic buildings withi		•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

The viewshed and visible components of the landscape within the composite viewshed of the scenic highway, including the underlying landform and overlaying landcover, establish the visual environment. The proposed project is a 122-lot subdivision. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment in terms of visual character

and quality for the following reasons: There is no scenic highway within 5,000 feet of the project. The project avoids disturbing rock outcroppings or trees and there are no historic buildings on the property.

c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual surroundings?	l chara	acter or quality of the site and its
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
visible the pa discus viewer and ex site an	tially Significant Impact: Visual character landscape within a viewshed. Visual charactern elements line, form, color, and textures in terms of dominance, scale, diversold by the visual environment at a proception of the viewers. The existing visual surrounding can be characterized as see in elevation from south to north.	aracterure. Visity and value of the value of	is based on the organization of sual character is commonly dontinuity. Visual quality is the ries based on exposure, sensitivity haracter and quality of the project
to exist Crest. character gradin that wirequire	roposed project is a 122-lot subdivision wasting development located between Dehe The project may be compatible with the oter and quality for the following reasons: g and landscaping id proposed for the urill be visible from public vantage points freed in order to prove that there will be a lesimulations these views are classified as	sa Mo existin the cu nnatura om the ss tha	ountain and the southern portion of ag visual environment's visual at slopes will be minimized the all proposed slopes along the road a south. Photosimulations are n significant impact. Without the
the en viewsh compr located cumula the hill charact any ac	roject will not result in cumulative impacts tire existing viewshed and a list of past, paned were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Manda ehensive list of the projects considered. It within the viewshed surrounding the practive impact because the dominant land elsides and the projects considered for culter or quality of this vacant open space. It were project or cumulative level effect or cunding area.	oresen atory f Those oject a use in mulati There	t and future projects within that Findings of Significance for a projects listed in Section XVII are and will not contribute to a the area is vacant open space on we will not change the visual fore, the project will not result in
d)	Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	re, which would adversely affect
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact

No Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code, approximately 28 miles from the Mount Laguna Observatory. However, it will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

Í l	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmlamportance (Important Farmland), as she Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Fagency, or other agricultural resources,	own o Progra	n the maps prepared pursuant to m of the California Resources
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project site has land designated as Farmlands of Local Importance and as Grazing Lands according to the State Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP). However, based on a site visit and a review of historic aerial photography, there is no evidence of current or past agricultural use on the project site. This date is at least four years prior to the last FMMP mapping date. In order to qualify for the Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance designations, land must have been cropped at some time during the four years prior to the last FMMP mapping date. The Farmland designation is likely misapplied as a result of the large scale of the Statewide mapping effort which assigns Farmland designations based on aerial photography and limited ground verification. Therefore, due to the lack of historic agricultural use at the project site, the site does not

b)

meet the definition of an agricultural resource and no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?

- /			-,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
conside conflict use in / agricult Therefo	than Significant Impact: The project site ared to be an agricultural zone. Howeve in zoning for agricultural use, because at 70 and RR zones and will not create a cural use. Additionally, the project site is ore, there will be no conflict with existing ason Act contract.	r, the positions in the position in the positi	proposed project will not result in a family residences are a permitted ict with existing zoning for nder a Williamson Act Contract.
Ĺ	Involve other changes in the existing enter nature, could result in conversion of Impresources, to non-agricultural use?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project site and the surrounding area within a radius of 1 mile have not included agriculture for at least two decades. As a result, the proposed project was determined not to have significant adverse impacts related to the conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide or Local Importance or active agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use because the few areas of active agricultural operations in the surrounding area are already interspersed with single family residential uses and the proposed use would not significantly change the existing land uses in the area, resulting in a change that could convert agricultural operations to a non-agricultural use.

Therefore, no potentially significant project or cumulative level conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, or Farmland of Local Importance to a non-agricultural use will occur as a result of this project.

<u>III. AIR QUALITY</u> -Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:

a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the San Diego Regional Air Quality Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of the State Implementation Plan (SIP)?

V	Potentially Significant Impact	Ш	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
An Air (Plannin conflict conflict (RAQS becaus	ially Significant Impact: The project in Quality Study has not yet been submitted and Land Use as Environmental Reviewith either the RAQS or the SIP for the with or obstruct implementation of the SIP or applicable portions of the State Imple it proposes an increas in density from the impact will be reevaluated after the APP ed.	d or re ew Nu follow San Di lemen that a	eviewed by the Department of amber 04-14-021 the project may to ing reasons: The project may ego Regional Air Quality Strategy tation Plan (SIP) on a project level nticipated in the current General
,	Violate any air quality standard or contril projected air quality violation?	bute s	ubstantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potential Significant Impact: In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the San Diego Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

The project proposes a 122-lot subdivision. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase may result in pollutant emissions that exceed the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 1,220 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the

Incorporated

guidelines for criteria pollutants. The construction air quality impacts will be evaluated in the required Air Quality Study.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable not which the project region is non-attainment ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precur	nt und eleasi	der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
1-hour Ozone geome equal for composition source solven urban from cosource	tial Significant Impact: San Diego Court concentrations under the California Amber (O ₃). San Diego County is also present to 10 microns (PM ₁₀) under the CMQS. Ounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO _x) are include any source that burns fuels (extra petroleum processing and storage; and rural areas include: motor vehicles, construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfired so of windblown dust from open lands. Tality impacts of these pollutants will be extra petroleum processing and storage.	bient natural tions of tions of tions of the tions of tions	Air Quality Standard (CMQS) for non-attainment for the annual of Particulate Matter less than or formed when volatile organic in the presence of sunlight. VOC asoline, natural gas, wood, oil); sticides. Sources of PM ₁₀ in both burning stoves and fireplaces, dusing sh/waste burning, and industrial oject contributions and cumulative
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	al poll	utant concentrations?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12th Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly. Based on a site visit and aerial maps, the only sensitive receptor is South Lane Park in Crest within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project. Further, the proposed project will not generate significant levels of air pollutants. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.

e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?

Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project could produce objectionable odors, which would result from volatile organic compounds, ammonia, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, methane, alcohols, aldehydes, amines, carbonyls, esters, disulfides dust and endotoxins from the construction and operational phases. However, these substances, if present at all, would only be in trace amounts (less that 1 ug/m³). Subsequently, no significant air quality – odor impacts are expected to affect surrounding receptors. Moreover, the affects of objectionable odors are localized to the immediate surrounding area and will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable odor.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

\boxtimes	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With		No Impact
	Mitigation Incorporated		

Potentially Significant Impact: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records and a draft Biological Resources Report, the site supports the following habitat types: 4.6 acres of southern coast live oak riparian forest, 1.0 acres of coast live oak woodland, 0.2 acres of southern willow scrub, 194.4 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub, 98.7 acres of disturbed coastal sage scrub, 49.5 acres of mafic southern mixed chaparral, 135.6 acres of southern mixed chaparral, 18.8 acres of native grassland, 7.9 acres of non-native grassland, 1.2 acres of eucalyptus woodland, 0.4 acres of disturbed lands and 2.9 acres of developed lands. Three sensitive plants and eleven sensitive wildlife species were observed onsite and include: Dehesa nolina, Parry's tetracoccus, San Diego sunflower, two-striped garter snake, coast horned lizard, orange-throated whiptail, Cooper's hawk, sharp-shinned hawk, red-tailed hawk, redshouldered hawk, turkey vulture, great horned owl, southern California rufous-crowned sparrow and mule deer. A focused survey for the California gnatcatcher are being conducted in Spring 2010. Seven California gnatcatchers, three pairs and one individual were observed onsite. Focused surveys for the Quino checkerspot butterfly were performed in 2002 and 2005 with negative results. Updated surveys for the Quino checkerspot butterfly and California gnatcatcher have not yet been conducted. In addition, it has been determined that the project has the potential to impact golden eagle foraging habitat. Focused surveys will be conducted in Spring 2010.

Potential impacts to biological resources will be analyzed in the Biological Resources Report and EIR.

b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?

\boxtimes	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: The project site contains 4.5 acres of southern coast live oak riparian forest habitat in the north western corner of the project site. The proposed project may impact 0.5 acres of the southern coast live oak riparian forest onsite.

The site also contains southern coast live oak riparian forest, southern willow scrub, coast live oak woodland, Diegan coastal sage scrub, mafic southern mixed chaparral, southern mixed chaparral, native grassland and non-native grassland, all of which are considered sensitive natural communities within the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). Potential impacts and appropriate mitigation to these biological resources will be analyzed in the Biological Resources Report and EIR

c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?

\boxtimes	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos and a draft Biological Resources Report, County staff has determined that the site and surrounding area supports several areas of federally, state and County protected wetlands, namely, southern coast live oak riparian forest. The project proposes avoidance of several of the wetlands through placing them within a proposed dedicated biological open space easement. There are two federal wetlands and one federal, state and County wetland which may be impacted by proposed onsite roads and lot development. Impacts to the jurisdictional wetlands will require mitigation based on consultation with the agencies. The project will be conditioned to provide evidence that a 404 permit has been obtained from the US Army Corps of Engineers and a 1602 permit has been obtained from the California Department of Fish and

Game. Impacts to the County wetlands onsite must be mitigated in accordance with the Resource Protection Ordinance at a mitigation ratio of 3:1, with a minimum 1:1 creation component. Potential impacts to and appropriate mitigation for these biological resources will be further analyzed in the Biological Resources Report and EIR.

d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory Fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?					
\boxtimes	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
The reso Jam also well	Potentially Significant Impact: Staff has requested a wildlife corridor study to determine if the proposed project, including the construction of 122 residential lots as well as a north to south emergency access road will have a significant impact on the movement of an migratory or native resident wildlife species. The project site is located in the McGinty Mountain/ Sequan Peak to Dehesa critical resource area, one of the Critical Biological Resource Areas in the Metro-Lakeside-Jamul segment as identified in Section 4.2.2 of the Subarea Plan. The project site is also located in the south west portion of the Dehesa to El Capitan Reservoir Linkage as well as the south east portion of the Interstate 8 at Lakeside Linkage. Based on further information to be provided by the applicant and analyzed in the wildlife corridor study and EIR, it will be determined whether the proposed mitigation measures				
e) Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources?					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		No Impact		

Potentially Significant Impact: Project compliance with local, regional, or state habitat conservation plans and other local policies or ordinances will be analyzed in the Biological Resources Report and EIR.

<u>V.</u>	CU	LTURAL RESOURCES Would the pro	ject:	
a)		Cause a substantial adverse change in t as defined in 15064.5?	he sig	nificance of a historical resource
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
sui		cially Significant Impact: Staff has requesto be completed to determine whether the ces.		
b)		Cause a substantial adverse change in t resource pursuant to 15064.5?	he sig	nificance of an archaeological
	\checkmark	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
sui	vey	cially Significant Impact: Staff has requested to be completed to determine whether the ological resources.		
c)		Directly or indirectly destroy a unique ge	ologic	feature?
	\checkmark	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Po det	tent term	ially Significant Impact: Staff has requine whether the project may impact uniq	ired a ue ge	geological study and a survey to ologic resources.
d)	1	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pa	leonto	logical resource or site?
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
No Cre	Imp etac	pact: The current project footprint is occueous Plutonic which has a paleontologic	urs in al sen	geologic strata mapped as sitivity rating of zero.
e)		Disturb any human remains, including th cemeteries?	ose in	terred outside of formal
	√	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

	ess Than Significant With Mitigation corporated		No Impact		
survey to b	y Significant Impact: Staff has require completed to determine whether the gical or historic resources.				
а) Ехр	OGY AND SOILS Would the projectose people or structures to potential of loss, injury, or death involving:		antial adverse effects, including the		
i.	Rupture of a known earthquake fa Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Z for the area or based on other sul Refer to Division of Mines and Ge	oning bstant	Map issued by the State Geologist ial evidence of a known fault?		
— □ Le	otentially Significant Impact ess Than Significant With Mitigation corporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
evaluate th delineated the State (y Significant Impact: A geologic had ne impacts associated with the ruptur on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Ea Geologist for the area or based on oth mpacts are unknown at this time.	re of a	known earthquake fault, as ake Fault Zoning Map issued by		
ii.	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
□ Le	otentially Significant Impact ess Than Significant With Mitigation corporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Potentially Significant Impact: A geologic hazards study has been requested to evaluate the impacts associated with the strong seismic ground shaking. Potential impacts are unknown at this time.					
iii.	Seismic-related ground failure, inc	cludin	g liquefaction?		
☐ Le	otentially Significant Impact ess Than Significant With Mitigation corporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Potentially Significant Impact: A geologic hazards study has been requested to evaluate the impacts associated with the seismic-related ground failure, including

liquetac	ction. Potential impacts are unknown at	this tir	ne.
i	v. Landslides?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact
Ш	Incorporated	Ш	No Impact
suscept environ potentia seismic will exp	han Significant Impact: The site is not tibility zone. Also, staff geologist has dement of the project area has a low probal or pre-existing conditions that could be activity. In addition, though the project ose unprotected soils, the project is not ected, exposed soils within a landslide section.	termir ability ecome does locate	ned that the geologic to be located within an area of e unstable in the event of propose land disturbance that ed downstream from
b) F	Result in substantial soil erosion or the l	oss of	topsoil?
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
evaluat	ially Significant Impact: A geologic had e the impacts associated with substantia al impacts are unknown at this time.		
į	Will the project produce unstable geolog mpacts resulting from landslides, lateral collapse?		
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
evaluat adverse	ially Significant Impact: A geologic had e the impacts associated with unstable e impacts resulting from landslides, later pse. Potential impacts are unknown at t	geolog ral spr	gical conditions that will result in eading, subsidence, liquefaction
,	Be located on expansive soil, as defined Code (1994), creating substantial risks to		•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: A geologic hazards study has been requested to evaluate the impacts associated with expansive soil and creating substantial risks to life or property. Potential impacts are unknown at this time.

e)	6	Have soils incapable of adequately suppalternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?		
[Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
[Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
was Mun was	tew licip	pact: The project will rely on public wate rater. A service availability letter has been all Water District indicating that the facilitater disposal needs. No septic tanks or posed.	en rec	eived from the Padre Dam s adequate capacity for the projects
VII.	ΗA	AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIA	<u>LS</u>	Would the project:
a)	t r	Create a significant hazard to the public ransport, storage, use, or disposal of hareasonably foreseeable upset and accid nazardous materials into the environments.	zardo ent co	ous materials or wastes or through
[Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
[Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
envi disp curr dem to th	ron osa entl olis	pact: The project will not create a signification ment because it does not propose the sal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hally in use in the immediate vicinity. In adoth any existing structures onsite and the elease of asbestos, lead based paint or ion activities.	torag zardo dition refore	e, use, transport, emission, or us Substances proposed or the project does not propose to would not create a hazard related
b)		Emit hazardous emissions or handle haz substances, or waste within one-quarter		·
[Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
[Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact

No Impact: The project is not located within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school. Therefore, the project will not have any effect on an existing or proposed school.

c)	c to	Be located on a site which is included or compiled pursuant to Government Code to have been subject to a release of haz would it create a significant hazard to the	Section Section	on 65962.5, or is otherwise known s substances and, as a result,
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
not be in an Subset Diego DEH Subset Occupate Colored Store The Colored Store Distored Instored Institute Institu	eelly of tarrow of Control Site of Control Site of Itarrow of Itar	n subject to a release of hazardous subof the following lists or databases: the Staces sites list compiled pursuant to Governote Sounty Hazardous Materials Establishmete Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Cances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and es" Envirostor Database), the Resource (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund Cas List (NPL). Additionally, the project do not or significant linear excavation within andfill, is not located on or within 250 featining burn ash (from the historic burning merly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does a Tank, and is not located on a site with uses such as intensive agriculture, induhop. Therefore, the project would not or ment.	stance tate of ernme ent da se List Brows CERCI pes no n 1,00 eet of the postification of the	es. The project site is not included California Hazardous Waste and ent Code Section 65962.5., the San Itabase, the San Diego County sting, the Department of Toxic enfields Reuse Program Database servation and Recovery Information LIS database or the EPA's National t propose structures for human 00 feet of an open, abandoned, or the boundary of a parcel identified eash), is not on or within 1,000 feet ontain a leaking Underground otential for contamination from uses, a gas station or vehicle
d)	n tl	For a project located within an airport lar not been adopted, within two miles of a p he project result in a safety hazard for p area?	public	airport or public use airport, would
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Г	7	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\overline{V}	No Impact

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP), an Airport Influence Area, or a Federal Aviation Administration Height Notification Surface. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the

project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

e)	For a project within the vicinity of a private safety hazard for people residing or wor	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
resul	npact: The proposed project is not within t, the project will not constitute a safety hact area.	·
f)	Impair implementation of or physically in response plan or emergency evacuation	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific

requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

No Impact: The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

No Impact: The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is not located within a dam inundation zone.

g)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. A Fire Protection Plan will be prepared to demonstrate compliance with all fire protection district requirements and State code and this issue will be addressed in the EIR.					
h)	Propose a use, or place residents adjact foreseeable use that would substantially exposure to vectors, including mosquito transmitting significant public health dise	incre es, ra	ase current or future resident's ts or flies, which are capable of		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

d)

No Impact: The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

VIII. HY	DROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	Woul	d the project:
a) Vi	iolate any waste discharge requiremen	ts?	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	ally Significant Impact: Water quality a essed in a project Stormwater Manager		<u> </u>
, W	the project tributary to an already imparater Act Section 303(d) list? If so, coupliutant for which the water body is alre	ld the	project result in an increase in any
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
within the map, Jur	act: The project lies in both the Jamacle Sweetwater watershed. According to the 2007, the project is not tributary to a soft the Sweetwater River, which is tributary	the C n alre	Clean Water Act Section 303(d) ady impaired water body (no
Ś	ould the proposed project cause or cor urface or groundwater receiving water of eneficial uses?		• •
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Potentia	ally Significant Impact: Water quality i	ncludi	ing degradation of beneficial uses

will be addressed in a project Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) and the EIR.

Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with

groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-

existing nearby wells would drop to a levuses or planned uses for which permits		1.
Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No Impact: The project will obtain its water survive Water District that obtains water from surface resource. The project will not use any groundward domestic or commercial demands. In addition, that would interfere substantially with groundwater following: the project does not involve regingroundwater basin; or diversion or channelizating impervious layers, such as concrete lining or camile). These activities and operations can subtrecharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater	reservater for the pater resonated on the contraction of the contracti	oirs or other imported water any purpose, including irrigation, roject does not involve operations echarge including, but not limited to liversion of water to another a stream course or waterway with s, for substantial distances (e.g. 1/4 ally affect rates of groundwater
e) Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of the cou	strea	m or river, in a manner which would
✓ Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Potentially Significant Impact: The project si addressed in a Preliminary Drainage Study and	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
f) Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a the rate or amount of surface runoff in a on- or off-site?	strea	m or river, or substantially increase
✓ Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Potentially Significant Impact: The project si addressed in a Preliminary Drainage Study and	•	0,
g) Create or contribute runoff water which planned storm water drainage systems?		exceed the capacity of existing or
✓ Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	tially Significant Impact: The project sitesed in a Preliminary Drainage Study and	•	· ·
h)	Provide substantial additional sources of	f pollu	ted runoff?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
suburt pollutio Storm	tially Significant Impact: The project with an interest that will result in additional solon. Potential impacts to water quality and water Ordinance will be addressed in a perpendicular.	urces d com	of non-point sources of stormwater pliance with the County's
i)	Place housing within a 100-year flood had Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Ramap, including County Floodplain Maps	ate Ma	• •
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
floodpl locatio inunda Potent	tially Significant Impact: No FEMA malains were identified on the project site or ons. However, there are numerous potentiation from the 100-year flood due to runotial impacts related to site hydrology and inary Drainage Study and in the EIR.	r off-si tial loc ff from	te improvement ations that may be subject to watersheds 25 acres or greater.
j)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard are redirect flood flows?	ea stru	ctures which would impede or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: No FEMA mapped floodplains or County-mapped floodplains were identified on the project site or off-site improvement locations. However, there are numerous potential locations that may be subject to inundation from the 100-year flood due to runoff from watersheds 25 acres or greater. Potential impacts related to site hydrology and drainage will be addressed in a Preliminary Drainage Study and in the EIR.

k)	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding?	ant ris	sk of loss, injury or death involving
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
floodp locatio inunda Potent	tially Significant Impact: No FEMA may lains were identified on the project site or ons. However, there are numerous potentiation from the 100-year flood due to runotial impacts related to site hydrology and inary Drainage Study and in the EIR.	r off-si tial loo ff from	ite improvement cations that may be subject to watersheds 25 acres or greater.
l)	Expose people or structures to a signific flooding as a result of the failure of a lev		, ,
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
dam/re immed Theref	pact: The project site lies outside a mapeservoir within San Diego County. In additional additional stream of a minor dam that offere, the project will not expose people to ng flooding.	dition, ould p	the project is not located potentially flood the property.
m)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflo	ow?	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
i.	SEICHE		
	pact: The project site is not located alor ore, could not be inundated by a seiche.	ng the	shoreline of a lake or reservoir;
ii.	TSUNAMI		

No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast and proposed residential development occurs at over 500 feet in elevation; therefore, there is no threat

iii. MUDFLOW

of inundation in the event of a tsunami.

No Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff geologist has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING -- Would the project:

a)	F	Physically divide an established commu	nity?	
		Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
infi Ho coi ed div	astruweve mmu ge of ide a	han Significant Impact: The project producture such major roadways or water such, the proposed project will not significantly for the following reasons: most of the Crest and the north/south connection in any existing development. Therefore, the established community.	pply s intly d ne dev road (systems, or utilities to the area. isrupt or divide the established relopment area is on the south Sycuan Summit Drive) does not
b)	jı p	Conflict with any applicable land use pla urisdiction over the project (including, both) plan, local coastal program, or zoning or avoiding or mitigating an environmental	ut not dinan	limited to the general plan, specific ce) adopted for the purpose of
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
		Incorporated		

Potentially Significant Impact: The proposed project requires a General Plan Amendment and is proposing to change the Regional Land Use Element Policy 2.6 Special Purpose Designation and the General Plan Land Use Designation to (21) Specific Plan Area. The current General Plan requires minimum gross parcel sizes of 1 to 20 acres and varied densities equaling approximately 59 dwelling units. The proposed project has gross parcel sizes and density that are inconsistent with the General Plan. The project is subject to the policies of the Crest/ Dehesa/ Harbison Canyon/ Granite Hills Subregional Plan. The proposed project is inconsistent with some of the policies of the Crest/ Dehesa/ Harbison Canyon/ Granite Hills Subregional Plan, and the proposal include adding a section to the Subregional Plan describing the project as a Specific Plan. The current zones are RR, Rural Residential and A70, Limited Agriculture, which require a net minimum lot size of at least 4 acres. The

proposed project is inconsistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size and a Rezone is part of the current project. The inconsistencies to the current General Plan and zoning will be evaluated in the General Plan Amendment Report, Specific Plan, and EIR.

X. MINE	MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?					
√ I	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Potentially Significant Impact: The project site has been classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area of "Potential Mineral Resource Significance" (MRZ-3). A Mineral Resources report has been requested by staff to evaluate the potential impact to mineral resources on the broject site.					
,	esult in the loss of availability of a loca te delineated on a local general plan, s		•		
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Rezoned designate	an Significant Impact: The project single to S88, which is not considered to be ed within the County's General Plan as tion (24) with an Extractive Land Use County is a second to be considered.	an ex s an Ir	tractive use zone (S-82) nor is it npact Sensitive Land Use		
a) Ex	SE Would the project result in: exposure of persons to or generation of stablished in the local general plan or r other agencies?				
 ✓ I	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

Potentially Significant Impact: The project is a 122-Lot Subdivision and will be occupied by residents. A Noise Study has been required based on the known proximity

of traffic facilities to existing residences. The project may expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards.

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive area to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. Based on a Noise Analysis, the project implementation may expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). Therefore, the project mayor may not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

In addition, the Noise Study will evaluate potential impacts from construction-related activities and for compliance with the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410).

b)	groundborne noise levels?	exces	ssive groundborne vibration or
\checkmark	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: The project proposes 122 residences where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation *andlor* sleeping conditions. The facilities are not setback 200 feet from any public road or transit Right-of-Way with projected noise contours of 65 dB or more; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 200 feet ensures that the operations do not have any chance of being impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment* 1995). Therefore, a Noise Analysis is required to determine if the project's operations will be impacted by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.

The project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways (Sycuan Summit Drive is not consider a major roadway) or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area.

c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?

\checkmark	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
sources As indicexpose perman San Dice local, S noise le The No ambien	ially Significant Impact: The project investment may increase the ambient noise leated in the response listed under Section existing or planned noise sensitive area tent increase in noise levels that exceed ego General Plan, County of San Diego tate, and Federal noise control. The projects from the use HVAC equipment assise Analysis will evaluate the significance to noise levels. The Noise Analysis will appacts based on a list of past, present a	evel: vental ven	ehicular use and HVAC equipment. Noise, Question a., the project may ne vicinity to a substantial llowable limits of the County of Ordinance, and other applicable could increase existing ambient ed with the proposed residences. In project-caused increases in nalyze the potential for cumulative
,	A substantial temporary or periodic increvicinity above levels existing without the		, ,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
constru	ially Significant Impact: The Noise Stuction-related activities and for compliant once (Section 36-404 and 36.410).	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
r t	For a project located within an airport lar not been adopted, within two miles of a p he project expose people residing or wo noise levels?	oublic	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		
No Imp airstrip; area to	pact: The proposed project is not locat therefore, the project will not expose excessive airport-related noise levels.	ted wi people	thin a one-mile vicinity of a private e residing or working in the project		
a) I	ppulation and housing Would to induce substantial population growth in a proposing new homes and businesses) extension of roads or other infrastructure	an are or indi	ea, either directly (for example, by		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
connec lines wi served have th of the s	Potentially Significant Impact : The project proposes 122 new residences and a new connection road from Dehesa Road to the Community of Crest. New sewer and water lines will be constructed under the proposed road. The community of Crest is currently served by imported water and septic systems. Therefore, the new sewer line could have the potential for inducing growth. Potential impacts related to growth inducement of the sewer line will be addressed in the project's General Plan Amendment Report and EIR.				
•	Displace substantial numbers of existing of replacement housing elsewhere?) hous	ing, necessitating the construction		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
-	act: The proposed project will not disp y vacant.	lace a	ny existing housing since the site is		
,	Displace substantial numbers of people, eplacement housing elsewhere?	nece	ssitating the construction of		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

No Impact: The proposed project will not displace a substantial number of people since the site is currently vacant.

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

- a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:
 - i. Fire protection?
 - ii. Police protection?
 - iii. Schools?
 - iv. Parks?
 - v. Other public facilities?

 ,	 Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Water and sewer lines must be constructed under the new Sycuan Summit Drive. Water and sewer service availability forms have been submitted from the Padre Dam Municipal Water District have been submitted. An agreement between the Otay Water District and the Pad Dam Municipal Water District must be agreed upon in order to provide a sewer connection. Staff has requested information regarding the timing of that agreement. The northern area will be served by the San Miguel Consolidated Fire District and the southern area by the San Diego Rural Fire Protection District. Availability forms have been submitted from both Districts, as well as letters included conditions of approval of the project. The extent of the applicant agreeing to these conditions is unknown by Staff at this time. The school districts have also submitted availability letters indicating that service is available, but they have overcrowding concerns. The sheriff serves this area and the nearest station is unknown at this time and no letter has been received. There is a public park in Crest just to the north of the site. The applicant proposes a private park on the site and to pay in-lieu PLDO fees to cover the 122 lots. A trail is proposed along Sycuan Summit Drive to connect the community of Crest to Dehesa Road. No other public services will be provided on the project. To Staff's current knowledge the project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project mayor may not have an adverse physical effect on the environment if the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

XIV. RECREATION

a)	or other recreational facilities such that facility would occur or be accelerated?		
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves a 122-lot single-family residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to payment of park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

With regard to regional recreational facilities, there are over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive acreage of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation, the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result in a cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant amount of regional recreational facilities will be available to County residents.

b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
constru	act: The project does not include recreation or expansion of recreational facilities on of recreational facilities cannot have ment.	es. Tl	nerefore, the construction or
a) C	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would the Cause an increase in traffic which is substant and capacity of the street system (i.e. either the number of vehicle trips, the volume congestion at intersections)?	stantia e., res	al in relation to the existing traffic sult in a substantial increase in
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
survey t	ally Significant Impact: Staff has requite be completed to determine whether the blogical resources.	ired a nere a	cultural resources study and a re potential impacts to
, e	Exceed, either individually or cumulativel established by the County congestion may the County of San Diego Transportation and or highways?	anage	ment agency and/or as identified
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Potenti	ally Significant Impact: The proposed	proje	ct will result in an additional 1,220

Average Daily Trips (ADT). The project may have a significant direct project-level impact on the LOS standards established by the County Congestion Management Agency for designated roads or highways.

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program commits the County to construct additional capacity on Circulation Element roadways and includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. This program is based on a summary of projections method contained in the County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Report dated January 2005, and amended February 2008. This document is considered an adopted planning document which meets the definition

referenced in the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15130 (b)(1)(B), which evaluates regional or area wide conditions contributing to cumulative transportation impacts. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, public and private funding necessary to construct transportation facilities including capacity enhancing improvements that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 1,290 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the unincorporated County that were analyzed by the TIF program, which mayor may not operate at inadequate levels of service without improvements to add needed capacity. The project trips therefore contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact. These potential traffic impacts will be addressed in a Traffic Impact Analysis report and in the EIR.

c)		Result in a change in air traffic patterns, levels or a change in location that results		•
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
no	t loc	pact: The proposed project is located ou ated within two miles of a public or publicult in a change in air traffic patterns.		•
d)		ostantially increase hazards due to a des ngerous intersections) or incompatible us	_	· •
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
_				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Potentially Significant Impact: The project does not propose any incompatible uses compared to the existing community of Crest. The project will be served by a new road (Sycuan Summit Road) that will connect the community of Crest with Dehesa Road. The project will also utilize existing roads in Crest and the surrounding area. The additional ADT could potentially affect safety at intersectons and along roadway segments. The project Traffic Impact Analysis and EIR will further address and potential traffic hazards of the project.

e)	Result in inadequate emergency access	?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The po	pact: The proposed project should not re roject proposes a new access to the sout unity of Crest to the east and west. How ssed in the Fire Protection Plan and in th	h to D ever.	Pehesa Road and through the the issue of access will be
f)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
require sufficie	Than Significant Impact: The Zoning O es two on-site parking spaces for each do ent area to provide at least two on-site parance. There is also enough adequate par	welling arking	g unit. The proposed lots have spaces consistent with the Zoning
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
pedes	Than Significant: The project does not put trians or bicyclists. Any required improve ag conditions as it relates to pedestrians a	ments	will be constructed to maintain
ΧVI. 	<u>JTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS</u> Exceed wastewater treatment requiremed Quality Control Board?		• •
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

ل ا

No Impact: The project does not involve any uses that will discharge any wastewater to sanitary sewer or on-site wastewater systems (septic). Therefore, the project will not exceed any wastewater treatment requirements.

Dequire or recult in the construction of your water or westernature treatment

D)	facilities or expansion of existing facilities significant environmental effects?		
✓	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
faciliti propo	ntially Significant Impact: The project in es. The new and expanded facilities included public road Sycuan Summit Drive. Facilities will be addressed in the EIR.	ude ne	ew water and sewer ines under the
c)	Require or result in the construction of rexpansion of existing facilities, the consenvironmental effects?		<u> </u>
✓			Less than Significant Impact
L	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
draina	Itially Significant Impact: The project in age facilities. Potential impacts from the cased in the EIR.		•
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available entitlements and resources, or are new		
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	Than Significant Impact: The project re Municipal Water District. A Service Avail	•	

Less Than Significant Impact: The project requires water service from the Padre Dam Municipal Water District. A Service Availability Letter from the Padre Dam Municipal Water District has been provided, indicating adequate water resources and entitlements are available to serve the requested water resources. In addition, the project does meet the definition of a "project" per California Water Code Section 10912 that would require the preparation of a Water Supply Assessment.

e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?

	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Less Than Significant Impact: This project will be served by public sewer through the Padre Dam Municipal Water District.			
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient per project's solid waste disposal needs?	mitted	d capacity to accommodate the
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Less Than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.			
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local stawaste?	tutes	and regulations related to solid
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or

wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?

\checkmark	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact
_		_

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. As a result of this evaluation, the project was determined to have potential significant effects related to biological and archaeological/historical resources.

b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively
•	considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of
	a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future
	projects)?

$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to visual, biological, archaeological, air, geological, water quality, hydrology, noise, and traffic. While mitigation has been proposed in some instances that reduce these cumulative effects to a level below significance, the effectiveness of this mitigation to clearly reduce the impact to a level below significance is unclear. Therefore, this project has been determined to potentially meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?

$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects related to visual, air, geological, water quality, hydrology, noise and traffic resources or facilities. While mitigation has been proposed in some instances that reduce these significant effects to a level below significance, the effectiveness of this mitigation to clearly reduce the impact to a level below significance is unclear. Therefore, this project has been determined to potentially meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

AESTHETICS

- California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)
- California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (www.amlegal.com)

- County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).
- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)
- Institution of Lighting Engineers, Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Light Pollution, Warwickshire, UK, 2000 (http://www.dark-skies.org/ile-gd-e.htm)
- International Light Inc., Light Measurement Handbook, 1997. (www.intl-light.com)
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA. (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.

US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System.
(http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Right to Farm Act, as amended 1996. (www.qp.qov.bc.ca)
- County of San Diego Agricultural Enterprises and Consumer Information Ordinance, 1994, Title 6, Division 3, Ch. 4. Sections 63.401-63.408. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Department of Agriculture, Weights and Measures, "2002 Crop Statistics and Annual Report," 2002. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System. (www.nrcs.usda.gov, www.swcs.org).
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

AIR QUALITY

- CEQA Air Quality Analysis Guidance Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Revised November 1993. (www.aqmd.gov)
- County of San Diego Air Pollution Control District's Rules and Regulations, updated August 2003. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Clean Air Act US Code; Title 42; Chapter 85 Subchapter 1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

BIOLOGY

- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Community Conservation Planning Process Guidelines. CDFG and California Resources Agency, Sacramento, California. 1993. (www.dfg.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, An Ordinance Amending the San Diego County Code to Establish a Process for Issuance of the Coastal Sage Scrub Habitat Loss Permits and Declaring the Urgency Thereof to Take Effect Immediately, Ordinance No. 8365. 1994, Title 8, Div 6, Ch. 1. Sections 86.101-86.105, 87.202.2. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Ord. Nos. 8845, 9246, 1998 (new series). (www.co.sandiego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Implementing Agreement by and between United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game and County of

- San Diego. County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, 1998.
- County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Subarea Plan, 1997.
- Holland, R.R. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. State of California, Resources Agency, Department of Fish and Game, Sacramento, California, 1986.
- Memorandum of Understanding [Agreement Between United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), San Diego County Fire Chief's Association and the Fire District's Association of San Diego County.
- Stanislaus Audubon Society, Inc. v County of Stanislaus (5th Dist. 1995) 33 Cal.App.4th 144, 155-159 [39 Cal. Rptr.2d 54]. (www.ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Environmental Laboratory.
 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. U.S.
 Army Corps of Engineers, Wetlands Research Program
 Technical Report Y-87-1. 1987.
 (http://www.wes.army.mil/)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. America's wetlands: our vital link between land and water. Office of Water, Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds. EPA843-K-95-001. 1995b. (www.epa.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Habitat Conservation Planning Handbook.
 Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1996.
 (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Consultation Handbook: Procedures for Conducting Consultation and Conference Activities Under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1998. (endangered.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Environmental Assessment and Land Protection Plan for the Vernal Pools Stewardship Project. Portland, Oregon. 1997.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Vernal Pools of Southern California Recovery Plan. U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Region One, Portland, Oregon, 1998. (ecos.fws.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Birds of conservation concern 2002. Division of Migratory. 2002. (migratorybirds.fws.gov)

CULTURAL RESOURCES

- California Health & Safety Code. §18950-18961, State Historic Building Code. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §5020-5029, Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §7050.5, Human Remains. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, (AB 978), 2001. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code §5024.1, Register of Historical Resources. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5031-5033, State Landmarks. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)

- California Public Resources Code. §5097-5097.6, Archaeological, Paleontological, and Historic Sites. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Resources Code. §5097.9-5097.991, Native American Heritage. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- City of San Diego. Paleontological Guidelines. (revised) August 1998.
- County of San Diego, Local Register of Historical Resources (Ordinance 9493), 2002. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Demere, Thomas A., and Stephen L. Walsh. Paleontological Resources San Diego County. Department of Paleontology, San Diego Natural History Museum. 1994.
- Moore, Ellen J. Fossil Mollusks of San Diego County. San Diego Society of Natural history. Occasional; Paper 15. 1968.
- U.S. Code including: American Antiquities Act (16 USC §431-433) 1906. Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act (16 USC §461-467), 1935. Reservoir Salvage Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1960. Department of Transportation Act (49 USC §303) 1966. National Historic Preservation Act (16 USC §470 et seq.) 1966. National Environmental Policy Act (42 USC §4321) 1969. Coastal Zone Management Act (16 USC §1451) 1972. National Marine Sanctuaries Act (16 USC §1431) 1972. Archaeological and Historical Preservation Act (16 USC §469-469c) 1974. Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 USC §35) 1976. American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 USC §1996 and 1996a) 1978. Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 USC §470aa-mm) 1979. Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25) USC §3001-3013) 1990. Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (23 USC §101, 109) 1991. American Battlefield Protection Act (16 USC 469k) 1996. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

GEOLOGY & SOILS

- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, California Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Fault-Rupture Hazard Zones in California, Special Publication 42, revised 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California, 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances Title 6, Division 8, Chapter 3, Septic Ranks and Seepage Pits. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Department of Environmental Health, Land and Water Quality Division, February 2002. On-site Wastewater Systems (Septic Systems): Permitting Process and Design Criteria. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Natural Resource Inventory, Section 3, Geology.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

- American Planning Association, Zoning News, "Saving Homes from Wildfires: Regulating the Home Ignition Zone," May 2001.
- California Building Code (CBC), Seismic Requirements, Chapter 16 Section 162. (www.buildersbook.com)
- California Education Code, Section 17215 and 81033. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Government Code. § 8585-8589, Emergency Services Act. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Hazardous Waste and Substances Site List. April 1998. (www.dtsc.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code Chapter 6.95 and §25117 and §25316. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code § 2000-2067. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Health & Safety Code. §17922.2. Hazardous Buildings. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Resources Agency, "OES Dam Failure Inundation Mapping and Emergency Procedures Program", 1996. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Consolidated Fire Code Health and Safety Code §13869.7, including Ordinances of the 17 Fire Protection Districts as Ratified by the San Diego County Board of Supervisors, First Edition, October 17, 2001 and Amendments to the Fire Code portion of the State Building Standards Code, 1998 Edition.
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health Community Health Division Vector Surveillance and Control. Annual Report for Calendar Year 2002. March 2003. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. California Accidental Release Prevention Program (CalARP) Guidelines. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/, www.oes.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health, Hazardous Materials Division. Hazardous Materials Business Plan Guidelines. (<u>www.sdcounty.ca.gov</u>)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 5, CH. 3, Section 35.39100.030, Wildland/Urban Interface Ordinance, Ord. No.9111, 2000. (www.amlegal.com)
- Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act as amended October 30, 2000, US Code, Title 42, Chapter 68, 5121, et seq. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Emergency Plan, March 2000.
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Operational Area Energy Shortage Response Plan, June
- Uniform Building Code. (www.buildersbook.com)
- Uniform Fire Code 1997 edition published by the Western Fire Chiefs Association and the International Conference of Building Officials, and the National Fire Protection

Association Standards 13 &13-D, 1996 Edition, and 13-R, 1996 Edition. (www.buildersbook.com)

HYDROLOGY & WATER QUALITY

- American Planning Association, Planning Advisory Service Report Number 476 Non-point Source Pollution: A Handbook for Local Government
- California Department of Water Resources, California Water Plan Update. Sacramento: Dept. of Water Resources State of California. 1998. (rubicon.water.ca.gov)
- California Department of Water Resources, California's Groundwater Update 2003 Bulletin 118, April 2003. (www.groundwater.water.ca.gov)
- California Department of Water Resources, Water Facts, No. 8, August 2000. (www.dpla2.water.ca.gov)
- California Disaster Assistance Act. Government Code, § 8680-8692. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California State Water Resources Control Board, NPDES General Permit Nos. CAS000001 INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES (97-03-DWQ) and CAS000002 Construction Activities (No. 99-08-DWQ) (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- California Storm Water Quality Association, California Storm Water Best Management Practice Handbooks, 2003.
- California Water Code, Sections 10754, 13282, and 60000 et seq. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- Colorado River Basin Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region 7, Water Quality Control Plan. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Regulatory Ordinance, Title 8, Division 7, Grading Ordinance. Grading, Clearing and Watercourses. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Groundwater Ordinance. #7994. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov, http://www.amlegal.com/,)
- County of San Diego, Project Clean Water Strategic Plan, 2002. (www.projectcleanwater.org)
- County of San Diego, Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance, Ordinance Nos. 9424 and 9426. Chapter 8, Division 7, Title 6 of the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances and amendments. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego. Board of Supervisors Policy I-68. Diego Proposed Projects in Flood Plains with Defined Floodways. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act), 1972, Title 33, Ch.26, Sub-Ch.1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Freeze, Allan and Cherry, John A., Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Inc. New Jersey, 1979.
- Heath, Ralph C., Basic Ground-Water Hydrology, United States Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper; 2220, 1991
- National Flood Insurance Act of 1968. (www.fema.gov)
- National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994. (www.fema.gov)
- Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, California Water Code Division 7. Water Quality. (ceres.ca.gov)

- San Diego Association of Governments, Water Quality Element, Regional Growth Management Strategy, 1997. (www.sandag.org
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, NPDES Permit No. CAS0108758. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)
- San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board, Water Quality Control Plan for the San Diego Basin. (www.swrcb.ca.gov)

LAND USE & PLANNING

- California Department of Conservation Division of Mines and Geology, Open File Report 96-04, Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego County Production Consumption Region, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, CEQA Guidelines, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California Environmental Quality Act, Public Resources Code 21000-21178; California Code of Regulations, Guidelines for Implementation of CEQA, Appendix G, Title 14, Chapter 3, §15000-15387. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California General Plan Glossary of Terms, 2001. (ceres.ca.gov)
- California State Mining and Geology Board, SP 51, California Surface Mining and Reclamation Policies and Procedures, January 2000. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-84: Project Facility. (<u>www.sdcounty.ca.gov</u>)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-38, as amended 1989. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan as adopted and amended from September 29, 1971 to April 5, 2000. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego. Resource Protection Ordinance, compilation of Ord.Nos. 7968, 7739, 7685 and 7631. 1991.
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County.
- Guide to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) by Michael H. Remy, Tina A. Thomas, James G. Moore, and Whitman F. Manley, Point Arena, CA: Solano Press Books, 1999. (ceres.ca.gov)

MINERAL RESOURCES

- National Environmental Policy Act, Title 42, 36.401 et. seq. 1969. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- Subdivision Map Act, 2003. (ceres.ca.gov)
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Causey, J. Douglas, 1998, MAS/MILS Mineral Location Database.
- U.S. Geologic Survey, Frank, David G., 1999, (MRDS) Mineral Resource Data System.

NOISE

- California State Building Code, Part 2, Title 24, CCR, Appendix Chapter 3, Sound Transmission Control, 1988. . (www.buildersbook.com)
- County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 3, Div 6, Chapter 4, Noise Abatement and Control, effective February 4, 1982. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego General Plan, Part VIII, Noise Element, effective December 17, 1980. (ceres.ca.gov)
- Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 150 Airport Noise Compatibility Planning (revised January 18, 1985). (http://www.access.gpo.gov/)
- Harris Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment*, April 1995. (http://ntl.bts.gov/data/rail05/rail05.html)
- International Standard Organization (ISO), ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747. (www.iso.ch)
- U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Environment and Planning, Noise and Air Quality Branch. "Highway Traffic Noise Analysis and Abatement Policy and Guidance," Washington, D.C., June 1995. (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/)

POPULATION & HOUSING

- Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 USC 5309, Title 42--The Public Health And Welfare, Chapter 69--Community Development, United States Congress, August 22, 1974. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- National Housing Act (Cranston-Gonzales), Title 12, Ch. 13. (www4.law.cornell.edu)
- San Diego Association of Governments Population and Housing Estimates, November 2000. (www.sandag.org)
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000. (http://www.census.gov/)

RECREATION

County of San Diego Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 8, Division 10, Chapter PLDO, §810.101 et seq. Park Lands Dedication Ordinance. (www.amlegal.com)

TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

- California Aeronautics Act, Public Utilities Code, Section 21001 et seq. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Department of Transportation, Division of Aeronautics, California Airport Land Use Planning Handbook, January 2002.
- California Department of Transportation, Environmental Program Environmental Engineering Noise, Air Quality, and Hazardous Waste Management Office. "Traffic Noise Analysis Protocol for New Highway Construction and Reconstruction Projects," October 1998. (www.dot.ca.gov)
- California Public Utilities Code, SDCRAA. Public Utilities Code, Division 17, Sections 170000-170084. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- California Street and Highways Code. California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Alternative Fee Schedules with Pass-By Trips Addendum to Transportation Impact Fee Reports, March 2005.

- (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/land/pdf/TransImpactFe e/attacha.pdf)
- County of San Diego Transportation Impact Fee Report. January 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permitsforms/manuals.html)
- Fallbrook & Ramona Transportation Impact Fee Report, County of San Diego, January 2005. (http://www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dpw/permits-forms/manuals.html)
- Office of Planning, Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, Final Report, April 1995.
- San Diego Association of Governments, 2020 Regional Transportation Plan. Prepared by the San Diego Association of Governments. (www.sandag.org)
- San Diego Association of Governments, Comprehensive Land Use Plan for Borrego Valley Airport (1986), Brown Field (1995), Fallbrook Community Airpark (1991), Gillespie Field (1989), McClellan-Palomar Airport (1994). (www.sandag.org)
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77. (www.gpoaccess.gov)

UTILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS

- California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14. Natural Resources Division, CIWMB Division 7; and Title 27, Environmental Protection Division 2, Solid Waste. (ccr.oal.ca.gov)
- California Integrated Waste Management Act. Public Resources Code, Division 30, Waste Management, Sections 40000-41956. (www.leginfo.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, Board of Supervisors Policy I-78: Small Wastewater. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- Unified San Diego County Emergency Services Organization Annex T Emergency Water Contingencies, October 1992. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System.
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973.
- US Census Bureau, Census 2000.
- US Code of Federal Regulations, Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 77.
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System.
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.